

## FINAL RESULTS REPORT

### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

<b>Project Name</b>	Community Enhancement Program
<b>Organization</b>	Youth Peace Makers Tanzania
<b>Location of project implementation</b>	Districts of Lushoto, Korogwe, Handeni, Tanga and Mkinga in Tanga regional.
<b>Overall Goal of Project</b>	Facilitation of spiritual, intellectual and physical well-being of individuals and wholeness of communities through empowerment, advocacy and lobbying for or citizen participation.  To defend God's creation against all that would destroy it while preserving and protecting the earth's resources for coming generations
<b>Project period</b>	Two Years
<b>Reporting period</b>	2014-2015
<b>Total Funds received from YGlobal</b>	2014:200,930,045.93 2015: 198,648,378.03
<b>Total Project Cost</b>	2014:200,930,045.93 2015:198,648,378.03
<b>Unused funds for 2015</b>	22,618,058.03 <i>With earmarked activities carried from end of 2015 due to National elections.</i>
<b>Other donors for same project /target group</b>	Sandefjord Sykelklub—In Kind Contribution.

### 2. Reporting on Results

#### 2.1 *The most important results achieved in the agreement period.*

- As a result of training of environmental awareness there were formed 11 environmental clubs that trained fellow Pupils/students and established 11 tree nurseries and plantation of 213 trees in different districts of Lushoto, Mkinga and Handeni.
- The breakfast meeting was conducted in Lushoto, Mkinga and Handeni with right holders and duty bearers coming together and discussing burning issues in their communities. 8 Meetings were held in which a total of 350 participants attended. As a result of the meetings. The peaceful demonstration of the boda boda in Lushoto, formation of a committee to follow on the gate charges which comprises representatives from the Bus companies, the dala dala, the taxi the market vendors, the butcher shops. The preliminary outcome was reduced price from 500 to 200 Shs. for Bodaboda. Still discussion is ongoing between local government and the committee. The Committee has presented the signatures from their members and is waiting to present the matter to the Districts Executive Director and his team for settling the challenge of transparency in collection and reduction or abolition of unnecessary taxes to citizens in the area. There is also a committee on Environment formed after the breakfast meeting. Making follow up on environmental destruction and dirt conditions of the town. In Mkinga the meeting resulted in close follow up and discussion to the regional level. The media shared not direct of the meeting but indirectly on the meeting that caused the regional team to go to the district and intensification of security based on shared corruption and illegal routes to enter Tanzania. Impact that impact is accounted to the meeting.
- There have been training of 56 Youths on S2C; it has resulted in a peaceful walkthrough the town with displayed messages on various disturbing issues. The youths in schools are involved in raising awareness of other members through their activities. Such as drug abuse, right to education and girl rights. Schools are involved in S2C, Democratic Citizenship and Environment where 21 Groups in related programs have been formed.
- There were 25 youths and staff who participated in various national and international events shared message on Stop Poverty to 3 conferences with a gathering of more than 1000 people each. They have advocated and introduced the organization focus on fighting poverty at national and international levels.
- The events have given chance to more than 19780 participants who were trained and informed on PETS, S2C, poultry keeping, environment, health education, rights and others organized by YPM.

## 2.2 Reasons for not reaching the predefined goals (internal and/ or external) were hindrances.

*Internal factors could include factors like staff turnover, change in management, etc. External could include factors like elections, political situation, war or natural disasters.*

### a) Internal factors

- The accountant of the office moved to another work place; this caused burden of work to few staff. It however did not affect the general accountability on financial issues.
- Transfer of funds from Yglobal was at times delayed and caused delay in implementing a number of planned activities at the set time. Especially the last quarter of 2015

### b) External Factors

- Due to election in 2015 it was difficult to form PETS groups after the PETS training in June and October.
- Breakfast meetings were postponed between August and November to allow election campaigns.
- Some of the governmental leaders were skeptic toward the organization speculating that the organization is pro opposition.

## 2.3 Contribution of the programme to and any unanticipated results and consequences (positive or negative).

a) During the implementation, the organization has realized that communities did accept and took advantages of the activities that are implemented. Many youth and community would like to be part of the organization activities. Three councilors in Lushoto District would like to cooperate with YPM in their wards. Also, the group of people from Mtindili-Ngulwi village requested to be trained on VICOBA and be part of the YPM. This has resulted on formation of six PM-VICOBA groups.

b) The program contributed to the negotiation of Lushoto bus stand gate levy and tax after the breakfast meeting that aroused awareness about the taxes and levy in the district. The amount was reduced to 200 Tsh from 500Tsh per day. They are still working on better terms for other gate users.

c) Irente view point is now under the village leaders and they collect levy for community development. However this has called for a need of training to community members on issue of transparency and accountability related to collection and other resources.

d) After breakfast meeting in Mkinga District that was about impact of illegal immigrate the government made a thorough check in the boarder of the district to make sure that there are no possibility of having immigrants residing and passing through the area.

## 2.4 YGlobal's value-addition

a) Through visit of different guests from YGlobal it was possible to network with other people and organizations whereas their stay was very experiential; the visited communities and organization had something to learn from them.

b) Participation of the visitors to community work in different areas has given positive impact to the communities and motivation of being in a wider network beyond Tanzania.

c) Visitation of different Staff from Yglobal has helped intensifying and improving the capacity of different sections in the organization, especially the financial department.

d) Working with Yglobal has given YPM and advantage of learning more on International standards of working and also exposing the organization to wider global networks.

## 2.5 Cooperation of the programme to other funding partners (donors)- (national or local).

a) The community members is one of our important donors where we work with them, they offer their time in doing volunteer work in organization especially when there are events.

- b) Sandefjord Sykelklub from Norway had contributed in promoting biking and other activities of the YPM. Through biking environmental and economic justice groups became much stronger. Through sports it has enhanced connection with local, regional and National leaders.

**2.6 The extent of which the programme followed plans of the local authorities.**

The government is in the second phase of National Strategy for Growth and Reduction of Poverty (NSGRP II). The strategy has set goals for Growth and Reduction of poverty. The organization is having economic justice as one of the main goal in strategy implementation. The strategy has good governance and accountability where as YPM has PETS that fall under the same thematic area. The strategy has also Environment promotion of which it is implemented by YPM through the environment and advocacy department.

**2.7 Brief Outline on how the programme results have contributed to strengthen civil society.**

- a) Different breakfast meetings invited and engaged other civil society Organizations in specific area.
- b) Civil education (S2C) that was provided strengthened the society through the formed groups in schools by educating them on their rights and responsibilities.
- c) YPM is a member of Lushoto Civil Society Organizations, in networking it has enabled to transfer knowledge to others through e.g. training and implementation of VICOBA through YPM,(NCA) Interreligious VICOBA and Equity for development.
- d) In all public events there was collaboration with others as participants and supporters. These included public events and Sports camp in 2014 and events of 2015, which strengthened civic education.
- e) Through her activities and as part of acknowledgement on her contribution, YPM has been given a position in the District Environment Awareness Platform—(a pilot project held by the Ministry of Environment, the University and the Ministry of Local Government) The program is piloted in Lushoto and Kilolo out of 145 districts in Tanzania.

**2.8 The most important lessons learnt from the running of the programme.**

- a) As part of S2C and civil education, debates to School youths can contribute in sharpening the minds and strengthening citizenship. There should be consideration on running debate competitions as part of S2C.
- b) Sports are binding glue to most of the YPM activities hence Sports should be given its due part in the budgeting and implementation of activities.
- c) Broadcasting through local radios can be attractive especially if involving remote and local groups. There is a need to consider budgeting and encouraging the use of media. Already using FB and Blog, but feel local radio can add value to the initiatives.
- d) The Organization participated in Africa child day on 16th June and National Youth day on 14th October, participation in such events had impacted the community and should be considered.

**2.9 How did the programme address the following issues?**

a. Gender

*In what ways and how did the programme encourage equal participation of both male and female. Were there any considerations taken on women and girls participation in the programme. Do you have a strategy to include participation of young male in programme concerning women empowerment, gender equality and women's rights?*

- a) Sports engagement of female and a specified number of quotas has been pushed in each occasion

under YPM. It has seen the increase of women in sports, bicycle from 2 to 8 participants, VICOBA which has 75% female, and other programs running at 50-50%.

- b) There were notion that VICOBA is for the women especially old women in the villages, however, after establishing the Peacemakers VICOBA with special interest to Youths, there has been noted participation of both genders in VICOBA with Youth taking chances.

**b. Climate and environmental issues**

*In what ways and how did the programme ensure to address climate and environmental issues arising from programme interventions.*

- a) YPM is having Environment as a Program by itself for the past two years. In schools, committees on Environment and Climate changes are formed. Already 11 Schools are involved both in S2C and Environment clubs were 18 clubs formed.
- b) As part of raising awareness and bringing different opinions on Environment, 2 breakfast meetings (Lushoto and Handeni) were held., critical views were given by right holders and accountability demanded in both meetings.
- c) As part of the plan 10 youths have through VICOBA taken 11 solar chargers to use as source of light and charging to their phones.
- d) 1 female participated in COP 21 in Paris; she is facilitating other youths and raising awareness through different circles of YPM network.

**c. People with Disabilities (PWDs)**

*In what ways and how did the programme include PWDs participation in the programme. If possible, specifically mention the number of PWDs that participated in the programme.*

- a) The programs has been specifically involving people with disabilities such as the Irete Blind school (ISB). There is an environmental club for pupils and teachers have VICOBA group.
- b) 5 pupils and one teacher were involved in S2C and environment workshop that facilitated formation of their club.
- c) There has been involvement of Blind School and Mentally retarded kids in sports activities. A total of 67 (the whole school) kids were involved in singing and sports.

**2.10 Has there been any wider social impact of the programme? If yes, then explain.**

*You are required to explain the broader economic, social and environmental impact. This section reflects the impact of the programme not only on the direct target groups but impact on policy levels. Please give priority and added information.*

- a) In the past two years, the organization has in 2014/15 managed to impact the community approximated **24,849** people through **2761** VICOBA members who have invested shares worth amount of **TShs.118,326,799.2 (493208.33 NOK)**. There has been a loan given to members that go back to the families and community at large.
- b) The environmental education has made the community aware of the consequences of the environmental destruction also it has helped the students to learn on the environmental protection and established tree nurseries/gardens in their schools. A total of 11 solar panels capable of charging phones and light have been given. This has impacted the life of the society in that: it has reduced costs to travel and do charging of phones; it has given light to families of panel owners. With average family of 6 it has impacted directly 66 people. It has built economy of the village Communities by reducing time used to go for charging and enabled easy transaction of funds from family members in towns to village through their phones, but also for farmers a power of market in their hands through information in their

phones. In a village of around 2700 people; 45% benefit indirectly

- c) The sports program have impacted the community members whereby 1 established jogging club is formed, 8 biking clubs, 13 football teams, 5 netball teams and many more sports lovers/participants motivated.. The community has been challenged to think about physical fitness through sports. It was noted that some parents nowadays say that after their youth been involved in sports activities there have changed a lot in behaviors. Thus the program shapes the youth disciplines.
- d) Changing the attitudes of parents to sports; they nowadays allow their children to involve themselves in sports and games activities especially with clear plan and program supervision as one offered by YPM.
- e) The Business hubs or well known as ICT Solar Kiosk have been introduced in four centers. 20 computers have been distributed. As a result there are 34 regular users of internet service (members of YPM) at Lushoto, 56 grownups who have registered for a course on basic computer skills within their villages- away from Lushoto center. Three schools are getting free service for their kids at Lushoto center were 95 kids are enjoying the service.

2.11 Brief explanations on commitment to cost efficiency during the programme..

- a) During implementation of the activity in all cases the organization looked on the most affordable prices in purchases or implementation of the activities without the compromises of the quality of the services. Survey and quotation of the best priced and services usually are done before purchases or implementation of the activity for anything beyond TShs. 500,000. Negotiation of the price offered are usually done before acquired or purchases of the services. Receipt for all possible purchases is part of financial requirement. There is auditing and cross checking by the management.

*This annual report is not having pictures based on the requirement of the funding partner to have brief precise with no captions.*